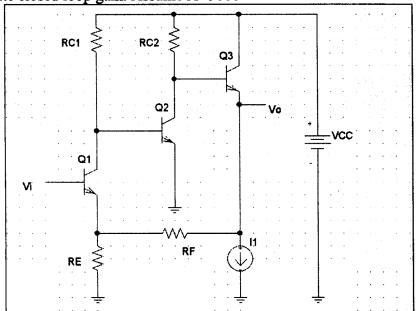
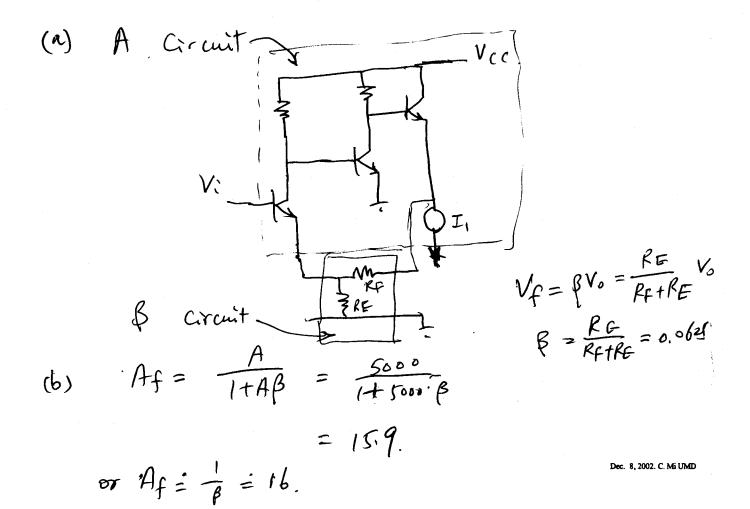
ECE414 Fall 2003	Name	
Quiz 4 (open book)	Mark	/ 25

- 1. For the common emitter amplifier below, RE=100 ohms, RF=1.5k ohm. (10 points)
- (a) Draw the A circuit and the β circuit separately. Find the expression for β .
- (b) Find approximate closed loop gain. Assume A=5000





(a)
$$A(s) = \frac{10^{7}}{(H \frac{5}{66})^{3}}$$

$$\varphi = -3 \tan \frac{\omega}{106}$$
.

When $\varphi = -180^{\circ}$, $|A\beta| > 1$ unstable

en
$$q = 100$$
, $\omega = 100$, $\omega = 3 \times 10^{6} \text{ rad/s}$.

$$|\beta A| = \frac{10^7}{(1+\frac{\sqrt{3}+10^6}{10^4})^{3/4}}, \beta \ge 1.$$

$$|\beta| = \frac{1}{(1+\frac{13105}{101})^{3h}}$$

$$|\beta| = \frac{8 \times 10^{-7}}{101} \text{ for system unstable}$$

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(4) (b),
$$\beta = 0.1 \beta min = 0.8 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$A f_{M} = \frac{A}{1 + A \beta} = \frac{10^{7}}{1 + 0.8 \times 10^{7} \times 10^{7}} = 0.56 \times 10^{-7}$$

(2)
$$A(s) = \frac{A(s)}{1 + A(s) \beta_{min}}, \text{ New pole. } 1 + A(s) \beta_{min}^{-0}.$$
 $1 + \beta_{x} = \frac{10^{7}}{(1 + \frac{3}{106})^{3}} = 0. \quad (1 + \frac{3}{106})^{3} = -8, \quad 1 + \frac{5}{106} = -2$
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